Full text available at: http://dx.doi.org/10.1561/050000006

# The Equity Premium Puzzle: A Review

# The Equity Premium Puzzle: A Review

**Rajnish Mehra** 

Department of Economics University of California Santa Barbara and NBER mehra@econ.ucsb.edu



Boston – Delft

# Foundations and Trends<sup> $\mathbb{R}$ </sup> in Finance

Published, sold and distributed by: now Publishers Inc. PO Box 1024 Hanover, MA 02339 USA Tel. +1-781-985-4510 www.nowpublishers.com sales@nowpublishers.com

Outside North America: now Publishers Inc. PO Box 179 2600 AD Delft The Netherlands Tel. +31-6-51115274

The preferred citation for this publication is R. Mehra, The Equity Premium Puzzle: A Review, Foundations and Trends<sup>®</sup> in Finance, vol 2, no 1, pp 1–81, 2006

ISBN: 978-1-60198-064-9 © 2008 R. Mehra

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior written permission of the publishers.

Photocopying. In the USA: This journal is registered at the Copyright Clearance Center, Inc., 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923. Authorization to photocopy items for internal or personal use, or the internal or personal use of specific clients, is granted by now Publishers Inc for users registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC). The 'services' for users can be found on the internet at: www.copyright.com

For those organizations that have been granted a photocopy license, a separate system of payment has been arranged. Authorization does not extend to other kinds of copying, such as that for general distribution, for advertising or promotional purposes, for creating new collective works, or for resale. In the rest of the world: Permission to photocopy must be obtained from the copyright owner. Please apply to now Publishers Inc., PO Box 1024, Hanover, MA 02339, USA; Tel. +1-781-871-0245; www.nowpublishers.com; sales@nowpublishers.com

now Publishers Inc. has an exclusive license to publish this material worldwide. Permission to use this content must be obtained from the copyright license holder. Please apply to now Publishers, PO Box 179, 2600 AD Delft, The Netherlands, www.nowpublishers.com; e-mail: sales@nowpublishers.com

## Foundations and Trends<sup>®</sup> in Finance Volume 2 Issue 1, 2006 Editorial Board

#### Editor-in-Chief:

George M. Constantinides

Leo Melamed Professor of Finance The University of Chicago Graduate School of Business 5807 South Woodlawn Avenue Chicago IL 60637 USA gmc@gsb.uchicago.edu

#### Editors

Franklin Allen

Nippon Life Professor of Finance and Economics, The Wharton School, The University of Pennsylvania

Andrew W. Lo

Harris & Harris Group Professor, Sloan School of Management, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

René M. Stulz

Everett D. Reese Chair of Banking and Monetary Economics, Fisher College of Business, The Ohio State University

## **Editorial Scope**

Foundations and Trends<sup>®</sup> in Finance will publish survey and tutorial articles in the following topics:

- Corporate Governance
- Corporate Financing
- Dividend Policy and Capital Structure
- Corporate Control
- Investment Policy
- Agency Theory and Information
- Market Microstructure
- Portfolio Theory
- Financial Intermediation
- Investment Banking
- Market Efficiency
- Security Issuance
- Anomalies and Behavioral Finance
- Asset-Pricing Theory

- Asset-Pricing Models
- Tax Effects
- Liquidity
- Equity Risk Premium
- Pricing Models and Volatility
- Fixed Income Securities
- Computational Finance
- Futures Markets and Hedging
- Financial Engineering
- Interest Rate Derivatives
- Credit Derivatives
- Financial Econometrics
- Estimating Volatilities and Correlations

#### Information for Librarians

Foundations and Trends<sup>®</sup> in Finance, 2006, Volume 2, 4 issues. ISSN paper version 1567-2395. ISSN online version 1567-2409. Also available as a combined paper and online subscription.

Foundations and Trends<sup>®</sup> in Finance Vol. 2, No. 1 (2006) 1–81 © 2008 R. Mehra DOI: 10.1561/0500000006



## The Equity Premium Puzzle: A Review

### Rajnish Mehra

Department of Economics, University of California, Santa Barbara and NBER, mehra@econ.ucsb.edu

#### Abstract

Over two decades ago, Mehra and Prescott (1985) challenged the finance profession with a poser: the historical US equity premium is an order of magnitude greater than can be rationalized in the context of the standard neoclassical paradigm of financial economics. This regularity, dubbed "the equity premium puzzle," has spawned a plethora of research efforts to explain it away. In this review, the author takes a retrospective look at the original paper and explains the conclusion that the equity premium is not a premium for bearing non-diversifiable risk.

## Contents

1 ]	Introduction	1
2	Empirical Facts	3
2.1	Variation in the Equity Premium Over Time	6
3]	Is the Equity Premium a Premium for Bearing Non-diversifiable Risk?	7
3.1	Standard Preferences	10
3.2	The Risk-Free Rate Puzzle	18
3.3	The Effect of Serial Correlation in the Growth Rate	
	of Consumption	21
3.4	Hansen–Jagannathan Bounds	22
4	Risk Based Explanations of the Equity Premium	25
4.1	Alternative Preference Structures	25
4.2	Habit Formation	27
4.3	Resolution	30
4.4	The Campbell and Cochrane (1999) Mechanism	32
4.5	Idiosyncratic and Uninsurable Income Risk	36
4.6	Models Incorporating a Disaster State	
	and Survivorship Bias	38

4.7	Behavioral Models	42
4.8	Generalized Disappointment Aversion	43
4.9	Prospect Theories	46
5 I 1	Non-Risk Based Explanations of the Equity Premium	53
5.1	Borrowing Constraints	53
5.2	The Choice of a Riskless Asset	57
5.3	The Effect of Government Regulations and Rules	62
5.4	Taxes	63
5.5	Agent Heterogeneity and Intermediation Costs	68
6 (	Concluding Comments	71
Appendix		73
Acknowledgments		75
References		77



Over two decades ago, Edward Prescott and I (Mehra and Prescott, 1985) challenged the profession with a poser: the historical US equity premium, (the return earned by a risky security in excess of that earned by a relatively risk free US T-bill) is an order of magnitude greater than can be rationalized in the context of the standard neoclassical paradigm of financial economics. This regularity, dubbed "the equity premium puzzle," has spawned a plethora of research efforts to explain it away. In this review, I take a retrospective look at our original paper and show why we concluded that the equity premium is not a premium for bearing non-diversifiable risk.<sup>1</sup> I provide a birds eye view of the vast literature spawned by our paper and touch on other issues that may be of interest to the researcher who did not have a ringside seat over the last 25 years. The reader is referred to Mehra (2007, 2008) and the papers therein for a detailed survey.

The year 1978 saw the publication of Robert Lucas's seminal paper "Asset Prices in an Exchange Economy." Its publication transformed

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This article draws on material in Mehra (2003), Mehra and Prescott (2003, 2007, 2008a,b), and Donaldson and Mehra (2008). Some sections of this article closely follow the exposition in these papers. The acknowledgments in these papers continue to apply.

#### 2 Introduction

asset pricing and substantially raised the level of discussion, providing a theoretical construct to study issues that could not be addressed within the dominant paradigm at the time, the Capital Asset Pricing Model.<sup>2</sup> A crucial input parameter for using the latter is the equity premium (the return earned by a broad market index in excess of that earned by a relatively risk-free security). Lucas' asset pricing model allowed one to pose questions about the magnitude of the equity premium. In our paper "The Equity Premium: A Puzzle"<sup>3</sup> we decided to address this issue.

This review is organized into a further five sections. Section 2 documents the historical equity premium in the United States and in selected countries with significant capital markets (in terms of market value). Section 3 examines the question, "Is the equity premium a premium for bearing non-diversifiable risk?" Section 4 addresses risk and preference based explanations of the equity premium. Section 5, in contrast, reviews the nascent literature that takes as given the findings in Mehra and Prescott (1985) and tries to account for the equity premium by *factors other than aggregate risk*. Section 6 concludes the review.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ See Mossin (1966) for a lucid articulation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Mehra and Prescott (1985).

- Abel, A. B. (1988), 'Stock prices under time varying dividend risk: An exact solution in an infinite horizon general equilibrium model'. *Journal of Monetary Economics* 22, 375–394.
- Abel, A. B. (1990), 'Asset prices under habit formation and catching up with the joneses'. A.E.R. Papers and Proceedings 80, 38–42.
- Abel, A. B., N. Gregory Mankiw, L. H. Summers, and R. J. Zeckhauser (1989), 'Assessing dynamic efficiency: Theory and evidence'. *Review* of Economic Studies 56, 1–20.
- Ait-Sahalia, Y., J. A. Parker, and M. Yogo (2001), 'Luxury Goods and the Equity Premium'. Working Paper #8417, NBER.
- Aiyagari, S. R. and M. Gertler (1991), 'Asset returns with transactions costs and uninsured individual risk'. *Journal of Monetary Economics* 27, 311–331.
- Altonji, J. G., F. Hayashi, and L. J. Kotlikoff (1992), 'Is the extended family altruistically linked?'. American Economic Review 82, 1177– 1198.
- Alvarez, F. and U. Jermann (2000), 'Asset pricing when risk sharing is limited by default'. *Econometrica* 48, 775–797.

- Attanasio, O. P., J. Banks, and S. Tanner (2002), 'Asset holding and consumption volatility'. *Journal of Political Economy* **110**(4), 771– 792.
- Attanasio, O. P. and S. J. Davis (1997), 'Relative wage movements and the distribution of consumption'. *Journal of Political Economy* 104, 1227–1262.
- Auerbach, A. J. and L. J. Kotlikoff (1987), Dynamic Fiscal Policy. Cambridge University Press.
- Azeredo, F. (2007), 'Essays on aggregate economics and finance'. Doctoral Dissertation. University of California, Santa Barbara.
- Backus, D. K., B. R. Routledge, and S. E. Zin (2004), 'Exotic preferences for macroeconomists'. In: M. Gertler and K. Rogoff (eds.): *NBER Macroeconomics Annual 2004*. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- Bansal, R. and J. W. Coleman (1996), 'A monetary explanation of the equity premium, term premium and risk free rate puzzles'. *Journal* of Political Economy 104, 1135–1171.
- Bansal, R. and A. Yaron (2004), 'Risks for the long run: A potential resolution of asset pricing puzzles'. *Journal of Finance* **59**, 1481–1509.
- Barberis, N. and M. Huang (2008), 'The loss aversion/narrow framing approach to the stock market pricing and participation puzzles'. In: R. Mehra (ed.): *Handbook of the Equity Risk Premium*. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Barberis, N., M. Huang, and T. Santos (2001), 'Prospect theory and asset prices'. The Quarterly Journal of Economics CXVI(1), 1–53.
- Barro, R. (2006), 'Rare disasters and asset markets in the twentieth century'. Quarterly Journal of Economics 121, 823–866.
- Basak, S. and D. Cuoco (1998), 'An equilibrium model with restricted stock market participation'. The Review of Financial Studies 11, 309–341.
- Becker, G. S. and R. J. Barro (1988), 'A reformulation of the economic theory of fertility'. Quarterly Journal of Economics 103(1), 1–25.
- Benartzi, S. and R. H. Thaler (1995), 'Myopic loss aversion and the equity premium puzzle'. Quarterly Journal of Economics 110, 73–92.

#### Full text available at: http://dx.doi.org/10.1561/050000006

- Bewley, T. F. (1982), 'Thoughts on tests of the intertemporal asset pricing model'. Working Paper, Northwestern University.
- Boldrin, M. L., L. J. Christiano, and J. D. M. Fisher (2001), 'Habit persistence, asset returns, and the business cycle'. *American Economic Review* 91, 149–166.
- Bonomo, M. and R. Garcia (1993), 'Disappointment aversion as a solution to the equity premium and the risk-free rate puzzles'. Working Paper, Université de Montréal.
- Brav, A., G. M. Constantinides, and C. C. Geczy (2002), 'Asset pricing with heterogeneous consumers and limited participation: Empirical evidence'. *Journal of Political Economy* **110**, 793–824.
- Breeden, D. (1979), 'An intertemporal asset pricing model with stochastic consumption and investment opportunities'. Journal of Financial Economics 7, 265–296.
- Brock, W. A. (1979), 'An integration of stochastic growth theory and the theory of finance, Part 1: The growth model'. In: J. Green and J. Scheinkman (eds.): *General Equilibrium, Growth and Trade*. New York: Academic Press.
- Brown, S., W. Goetzmann, and S. Ross (1995), 'Survival'. Journal of Finance 50, 853–873.
- Campbell, J. Y. (1999), 'Asset prices, consumption, and the business cycle'. In: J. B. Taylor and M. Woodford (eds.): *Handbook of Macroe*conomics, Vol. 1. Amsterdam: North–Holland, Chapt. 19, pp. 1231– 1303.
- Campbell, J. Y. (2001), 'Asset pricing at the millennium'. Journal of Finance 55, 1515–1567.
- Campbell, J. Y. and J. H. Cochrane (1999), 'By force of habit: A consumption – based explanation of aggregate stock market behavior'. *Journal of Political Economy* 107, 205–251.
- Cochrane, J. H. (1991), 'A simple test of consumption insurance'. Journal of Political Economy 99, 957–976.
- Cochrane, J. H. (1997), 'Where is the market going? uncertain facts and novel theories'. *Economic Perspectives* **21**, 3–37.
- Cochrane, J. H. (2005), Asset Pricing. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.

- Cogley, T. (1999), 'Idiosyncratic risk and the equity premium: Evidence from the consumer expenditure survey'. Working Paper, Arizona State University.
- Constantinides, G. M. (1990), 'Habit formation: A resolution of the equity premium puzzle'. *Journal of Political Economy* **98**, 519–543.
- Constantinides, G. M. (2002), 'Rational asset prices'. Journal of Finance 57, 1567–1591.
- Constantinides, G. M., J. B. Donaldson, and R. Mehra (2002), 'Junior can't borrow: A new perspective on the equity premium puzzle'. *Quarterly Journal of Economics* 118, 269–296.
- Constantinides, G. M., J. B. Donaldson, and R. Mehra (2005), 'Junior must pay: Pricing the implicit put in privatizing social security'. Annals of Finance 1, 1–34.
- Constantinides, G. M., J. B. Donaldson, and R. Mehra (2007), 'Junior is rich: Bequests as consumption'. *Economic Theory* **32**, 125–155.
- Constantinides, G. M. and D. Duffie (1996), 'Asset pricing with heterogeneous consumers'. Journal of Political Economy 104, 219–240.
- Cox, J. C., J. E. Ingersoll Jr., and S. A. Ross (1985), 'A theory of the term structure of interest rates'. *Econometrica* 53, 385–407.
- Daniel, K. and D. Marshall (1997), 'The equity premium puzzle and the risk-free rate puzzle at long horizons'. *Macroeconomic Dynamics* 1, 452–484.
- Danthine, J.-P. and J. B. Donaldson (2005), *Intermediate Financial Theory*. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Danthine, J.-P., J. B. Donaldson, and R. Mehra (1992), 'The equity premium and the allocation of income risk'. *Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control* 16, 509–532.
- Davis, S. J. and P. Willen (2000), 'Using financial assets to hedge labor income risk: Estimating the benefits'. Working Paper, University of Chicago.
- Dimson, E., P. Marsh, and M. Staunton (2002), Triumph of the Optimists: 101 Years of Global Investment Returns. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.
- Donaldson, J. B. and R. Mehra (1984), 'Comparative dynamics of an equilibrium intertemporal asset pricing model'. *Review of Economic* Studies 51, 491–508.

- Donaldson, J. B. and R. Mehra (2008), 'Risk based explanations of the equity premium'. In: R. Mehra (ed.): *Handbook of the Equity Risk Premium*. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Duffie, D. (2001), Dynamic Asset Pricing Theory. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 3rd edition.
- Economic Report of the President (2005), *Council of Economic Advisors*. United States Government Printing Office, Washington.
- Epstein, L. G. and S. E. Zin (1991), 'Substitution, risk aversion, and the temporal behavior of consumption and asset returns: An empirical analysis'. *Journal of Political Economy* 99, 263–286.
- Ferson, W. E. and G. M. Constantinides (1991), 'Habit persistence and durability in aggregate consumption'. *Journal of Financial Economics* 29, 199–240.
- Gabaix, X. and D. Laibson (2001), 'The 6D bias and the equity premium puzzle'. In: B. Bernanke and K. Rogoff (eds.): NBER Macroeconomics Annual 2001. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- Grossman, S. J. and R. J. Shiller (1981), 'The determinants of the variability of stock market prices'. *American Economic Review* **71**, 222–227.
- Gul, F. (1991), 'A theory of disappointment aversion'. *Econometrica* 59(3), 667–686.
- Hansen, L. P. and R. Jagannathan (1991), 'Implications of security market data for models of dynamic economies'. *Journal of Political Economy* 99, 225–262.
- Hansen, L. P. and K. J. Singleton (1982), 'Generalized instrumental variables estimation of nonlinear rational expectations models'. *Econometrica* 50, 1269–1288.
- He, H. and D. M. Modest (1995), 'Market frictions and consumptionbased asset pricing'. Journal of Political Economy 103, 94–117.
- Heaton, J. (1995), 'An empirical investigation of asset pricing with temporally dependent preference specifications'. *Econometrica* **66**, 681–717.
- Heaton, J. and D. J. Lucas (1996), 'Evaluating the effects of incomplete markets on risk sharing and asset pricing'. *Journal of Political Economy* 104, 443–487.

- Heaton, J. and D. J. Lucas (1997), 'Market frictions, savings behavior and portfolio choice'. Journal of Macroeconomic Dynamics 1, 76– 101.
- Heaton, J. C. and D. J. Lucas (2000), 'Portfolio choice and asset prices: The importance of entrepreneurial risk'. *Journal of Finance* 55, 1163–1198.
- Ibbotson Associates (2006), Stocks, Bonds, Bills and Inflation. 2005 Yearbook. Chicago: Ibbotson Associates.
- Jacobs, K. (1999), 'Incomplete markets and security prices: Do assetpricing puzzles result from aggregation problems?'. *Journal of Finance* 54, 123–163.
- Jacobs, K. and K. Q. Wang (2004), 'Idiosyncratic consumption risk and the cross-section of asset returns'. *Journal of Finance* **59**, 2211–2252.
- Kahneman, D. and A. Tervsky (1979), 'Prospect theory: An analysis of decision under risk'. *Econometrica* 47(2), 263–292.
- Kandel, S. and R. F. Stambaugh (1991), 'Asset returns and intertemporal preferences'. Journal of Monetary Economics 27, 39–71.
- Kocherlakota, N. R. (1996), 'The equity premium: It's still a puzzle'. Journal of Economic Literature 34, 42–71.
- Krebs, T. (2000), 'Consumption-based asset pricing with incomplete markets'. Working Paper, Brown University.
- Krishnamurthy, A. and A. Vissing-Jorgensen (2007), 'The Demand for Treasury Debt'. Working Paper, Northwestern University.
- Kydland, F. and E. C. Prescott (1982), 'Time to build and aggregate fluctuations'. *Econometrica* **50**, 1345–1371.
- LeRoy, S. H. and J. Werner (2001), Principles of Financial Economics. New York, NY: Cambridge University Press.
- Ljungqvist, L. and H. Uhlig (1999), 'On consumption bunching under campbell–cochrane habit formation'. SFB 649 Discussion Paper, Berlin.
- Lucas, D. J. (1994), 'Asset pricing with undiversifiable risk and short sales constraints: Deepening the Equity premium puzzle'. Journal of Monetary Economics 34, 325–341.
- Lucas Jr, R. E. (1978), 'Asset prices in an exchange economy'. Econometrica 46, 1429–1445.

- Luttmer, E. G. J. (1996), 'Asset pricing in economies with frictions'. *Econometrica* 64, 1439–1467.
- Lynch, A. W. (1996), 'Decision frequency and synchronization across agents: Implications for aggregate consumption and equity returns'. *Journal of Finance* 51, 1479–1497.
- Mace, B. J. (1991), 'Full insurance in the presence of aggregate uncertainty'. Journal of Political Economy 99, 928–956.
- Mankiw, N. G. (1986), 'The equity premium and the concentration of aggregate shocks'. Journal of Financial Economics 17, 211–219.
- Mankiw, N. G. and S. P. Zeldes (1991), 'The consumption of stockholders and nonstockholders'. Journal of Financial Economics 29, 97–112.
- McGrattan, E. R. and E. C. Prescott (2000), 'Is the stock market overvalued?'. *Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis Quarterly Review*.
- McGrattan, E. R. and E. C. Prescott (2003), 'Average debt and equity returns: Puzzling?'. *American Economic Review* **93**, 392–397.
- McGrattan, E. R. and E. C. Prescott (2005), 'Taxes, regulations, and the value of U.S. and U.K. corporations'. *Review of Economic Studies* **92**, 767–796.
- Mehra, R. (1988), 'On the existence and representation of equilibrium in an economy with growth and nonstationary consumption'. *International Economic Review* **29**, 131–135.
- Mehra, R. (1998), 'On the volatility of stock prices: An exercise in quantitative theory'. *International Journal of Systems Science* **29**, 1203–1211.
- Mehra, R. (2003), 'The equity premium: Why is it a puzzle'. *Financial* Analysts Journal **59**, 54–69.
- Mehra, R. (2007), 'The equity premium in India'. In: K. Basu (ed.): Oxford Companion to Economics in India. Oxford University Press.
- Mehra, R. (ed.) (2008), 'Handbook of the Equity Risk Premium'. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Mehra, R. and E. C. Prescott (1985), 'The equity premium: A puzzle'. Journal of Monetary Economics 15, 145–161.
- Mehra, R. and E. C. Prescott (1988), 'The equity premium: A solution?'. Journal of Monetary Economics 22, 133–136.

- Mehra, R. and E. C. Prescott (2003), 'The equity premium in retrospect'. In: G. M. Constantinides, M. Harris, and R. Stulz (eds.): *Handbook of the Economics of Finance*. Amsterdam, Netherlands: North-Holland.
- Mehra, R. and E. C. Prescott (2007), 'Intermediated quantities and returns'. Working Paper, UCSB.
- Mehra, R. and E. C. Prescott (2008a), 'The equity premium: ABCs'. In: R. Mehra (ed.): Handbook of the Equity Risk Premium. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Mehra, R. and E. C. Prescott (2008b), 'Non-Risk Based Explanations of the Equity Premium'. In: R. Mehra (ed.): *Handbook of the Equity Risk Premium*. Elsevier, Amsterdam.
- Merton, R. C. (1971), 'Optimum consumption and portfolio rules in a continuous time model'. *Journal of Economic Theory* **3**, 373–413.
- Mossin, J. (1966), 'Equilibrium in a capital asset market'. *Econometrica* **34**(4), 768–783.
- Prescott, E. C. and R. Mehra (1980), 'Recursive competitive equilibrium: The case of homogeneous households'. *Econometrica* 48, 1365– 1379.
- Rietz, T. A. (1988), 'The equity risk premium: A solution'. Journal of Monetary Economics 22, 117–131.
- Routledge, B. and S. Zin (2004), *Generalized Disappointment Aversion* and Asset Prices. Mimeo: Carnegie-Mellon University.
- Rubinstein, M. (1976), 'The valuation of uncertain income streams and the pricing of options'. *Bell Journal of Economics* 7, 407–425.
- Shiller, R. J. (1989), 'Comovements in stock prices and comovements in dividends'. *Journal of Finance* 44, 719–729.
- Siegel, J. (2002), Stocks for the Long Run. New York: Irwin, 2nd edition.
- Storesletten, K., C. I. Telmer, and A. Yaron (2004), 'Consumption and risk sharing over the life cycle'. *Journal of Monetary Economics* 51(3), 609–633.
- Storesletten, K., C. I. Telmer, and A. Yaron (2007), 'Asset pricing with idiosyncratic risk and overlapping generations'. *Review of Economic Dynamics*. Forthcoming.
- Telmer, C. I. (1993), 'Asset pricing puzzles and incomplete markets'. Journal of Finance 49, 1803–1832.

### Full text available at: http://dx.doi.org/10.1561/050000006

- Vissing-Jorgensen, A. (2002), 'Limited asset market participation and the elasticity of intertemporal substitution'. *Journal of Political Economy* **110**, 825–853.
- Weil, P. (1989), 'The equity premium puzzle and the risk free rate puzzle'. *Journal of Monetary Economics* **24**, 401–421.